

KOÇ UNIVERSITY



European University Association (EUA)

- 1. The Institutional Evaluation Program (IEP)
- 2. The requirements for IEP
- 3. Possible timetable for IEP
- 4. Feasibility of IEP for KU
- 5. Standards and Guidelines for Quality Assurance in the European Higher Education Area (ESG)
- 6. The list of Turkish Universities that have undertaken IEP since 2009



1. The Institutional Evaluation Program (IEP)

- One of the services of EUA
- A comprehensive evaluation program for higher education institutions to inform recommendations in the following areas:
 - Institutional strategic leadership
 - Capacity for improvement and change through selfreflection
- Never enforces the implementation of recommendations because of its voluntary nature



1. The Institutional Evaluation Program (IEP) (cont'd)

IEP Evaluation Team:

- Usually consists of 5 members from different countries
- A former or current President or Vice-president
- A senior higher education professional (team coordinator)
- A student



- IEF focuses on an inclusive self-evaluation process.
- IEP does not impose externally defined criteria in the preparation of this report.



2. The Requirements for IEP (cont'd)

- IEP recommends that these 4 questions shape the selfevaluation process:
 - 1. What is the institution trying to do?
 - 2. How is the institution trying to do it?
 - 3. How does the institution know it works?
 - 4. How does the institution change in order to improve?



2. The Requirements for IEP (cont'd)

What is the institution trying to do?

- Institutional profile (norms, values, mission and goals)
- The degree of centralisation/decentralisation of institutional governance
- Local, national, European and international positioning

How is the institution trying to do it?

- Institutional governance and decision making
- Quality culture and internationalization
- Teaching and learning, research, service to society

How does the institution know it works?

- Tools used to monitor and evaluate the institution's different activities (esp. teaching)
- Participation of internal and external stakeholders in evaluation processes

How does the institution change in order to improve?

- Strenght, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats (SWOT) analysis
- Strategic management and capacity for change
- Participation of internal and external stakeholders in the improvement process



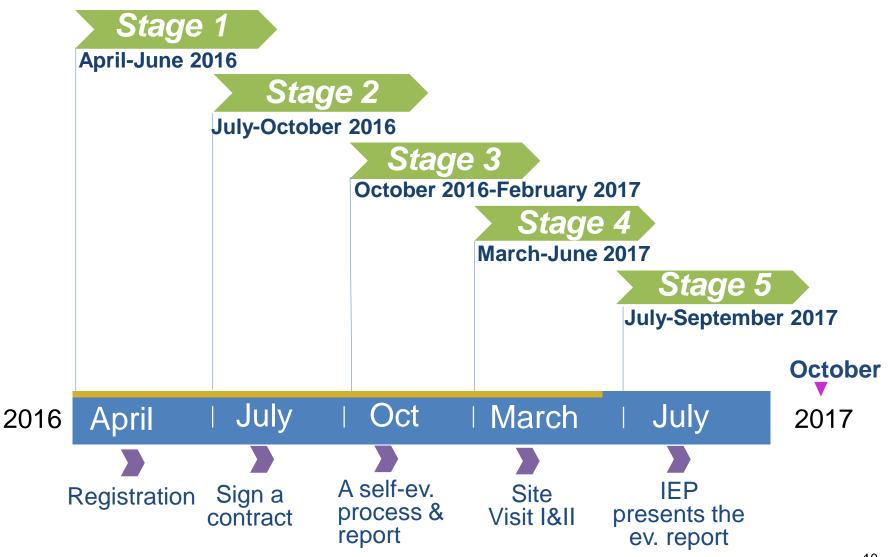
2. The Requirements for IEP (cont'd)

- Inclusive Self-evaluation Process:
 - A self-evaluation group
 - Takes 3 months
 - Produce a report at the end
 - Mx. 20-25 pages excluding appendices
 - Appendices can include:
 - Strategic Plan of the institution
 - Organizational charts
 - Demographic data for academic staff and students
 - Key data on funding research and teaching, funding sources, etc.
 - Infrastructure
 - Should be submitted 4 week before the first site visit



- Setting up a small self-evaluation group
 - Not more than 10 people
 - Representatives of the main stakeholders
 - Should work with the whole university
 - Plan, coordinate and distribute the work
 - Adapt recommended questions that will guide the process
 - Gather and analyze qualitative and quantitative data
 - Coordinate the work of sub-groups
 - Compile the final report

3. IEP Timeline for 2016





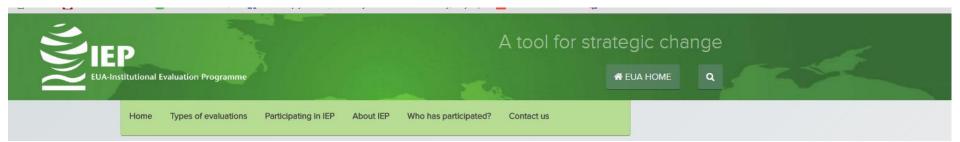
- Regular registration period in the Spring has closed. However, the time frame can be adapted to KU if they are contacted soon.
- The report compiled for YOK Annual Review 2016 can be used for IEP this year.
- Standards and Guidelines for Quality Assurance in the European Higher Education Area (ESG) as well as the four questions that IEP recommends can guide the internal review process at KU.



- A set of standards and guidelines that can taken as a reference document for internal and external quality assurance systems.
- The focus of standards for internal quality assurance is on learning and teaching (learning environment, research adn innovation).



- 5. Standards and Guidelines for Quality Assurance in the European Higher Education Area (ESG)
- Standards for internal quality assurance:
 - Having a policy for quality assurance
 - Having a process for design and approval of educational programs
 - Creating a student-centered teaching and assessment strategies
 - Applying pre-defined and published regulations for student affairs
 - Having a clear process for the recruitment and professional development of academic members
 - Providing rich resources for student learning
 - Collecting and analyzing data for making decisions related to educational programs and other activities
 - Sharing information on the university's activities with public
 - Monitoring and reviewing programs periodically
 - Undergoing an external review on a continuing basis.



Turkey

- » Adnan Menderes University (2010 🖾)
- » Anadolu University (2015 🗋)
- » Ankara University (follow-up report 2011 🖾)
- » Atilim University (2012 🕒)
- » Bahçeşehir University (2009 🖾)
- » Bilkent University (2010 🗳)
- » Istanbul Aydin University (2013 🔀)
- » Istanbul Bilgi University (2011 🖾)
- » Istanbul University (2010 🖾 , follow-up report 2013 🖾)
- » Izmir University of Economics (follow-up report 2012 🔀)
- » Karadeniz Technical University (2010 🗋)
- » Marmara University (2014 🔀)
- » Pamukkale University (2009 🗋)
- » Sabanci University (2013 🗋)
- » Sakarya University (2016 🗋)
- » Yeditepe University (2012 🖾)